Ancient zone of weathering in the Altai Territo

Ancient zone of weathering in the Altai Territory and its significance in determining the age and origin of the relief. Kora vyvetr. 259-271 '56. (MLRA 9:8)

(Altai Territory--Paleogeography) (Altai Territory--Geology, Stratigraphic)

Yu. A. LAVRUSHIH and Ye. H. SHCHUKLHA

"Data on the Bauxite-Bearing Possibilities of Yenisey Region" p.462

Mineralogy and Origin of Bauxites, Moscow, Izd-vo AN SSSR (otd. geologo-geograf. nauk) 1959, 488pp.

This collection of articles by various authors on the mineralogy and geothemistry of bauxites appeared as a result of 1955 conf. on the origin of bauxite (Chairman, Acad. N. M. Stakhov)

SHCHUKINA, Yelena Nikolayevna; NIKIFOROVA. L.V., otv.red.; ROMANOVA, L.A. red.izd-va; SABITOV, A., tekhn.red.; KOMDRAT'YEVA, M.A., tekhn. red.

[Continental Tertiary sediments in the Central Urals] Kontinental'nye tretichnye otlozhoniia Srednego Urala. Moskva, Gos.nauchn.nye tretichnye otlozhoniia Srednego Urala. Moskva, Gos.nauchn.tekhn.izd-vo lit-ry po gornomy delu, 1959. 189 p. (Akadeniia nauk
SSSR. Geologicheskii institut. Trudy, no.17)
(MTRA 13:2)

(Ural Mountains-Sediments (Geology))

Regularities in the distribution of Quarternary sediments in the Altai and their stratigraphy. Trudy GIN no.25:127-164 '60. (MIRA 13:12)

(Altai Mountains—Geology, Stratigraphic)

CIA-RDP86-00513R001548920020-0 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 THE TAX OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

5/229/63/000/002/002/002 E081/E141

Shuygin, F.P., Engineer, and AUTHORS:

Shchukina, Ye.N., Candidate of Technical Sciences

Fatigue characteristics of aluminium alloys used in

TITLE: ship construction

PERIODICAL: Sudostroyeniye, no.2, 1963, 47-51

Fatigue tests up to about 107 cycles on the aluminium alloys AMg-5B, AMg-61 and Al-2n-Mg, are described and discussed. The results are compared with those of previous workers to assess the effect of various types of welded joint on the fatigue strength. The effect of exposure to sea water on the fatigue strength is also measured. Conclusions: the alloy Al-Zn-Mg has most favorable fatigue properties, both welded and unwelded; the best type of angle welded construction investigated was a double sided continuous seam; welded construction in aluminium alloy is particularly sensitive to stress concentration; coatings which protect aluminium in ships against sea water also prevent any adverse effects on fatigue properties. There are 6 figures and 2 tables.

Card 1/1

SHUYGIN, F.P., inzh.; SHCHUKINA, Ye.N., kand.tekhn.nauk

Fatigue characteristics of aluminum alloys used in shipbuilding.
(MIRA 16:2)
Sudostroenie 29 no.2147-51 F '63.
(Aluminum alloys—Fatigue)

(Shipbuilding materials)

SHIMANSKIY, Yulian Aleksandrovich, akademik (1883-1962); PERSHIN,V.I.,red.; ARSYUTKIN, A.A., nauchn. red.; DOROFEYUK, S.K., nauchn. red.; SBOROVSKIY, A.K., nauchn. red.; SHCHUKINA, Ye.N., nauchn. red.; KLIORINA, T.A., red.; CHISTTAKOVA, R.K., tekhn. red.; KOROVENKO, Yu.N., tekhn.red.

[Dynamic calculation of ship structures] Dinamicheskii raschet sudovykh konstruktsii. Fod obshchei red. V.I.Pershina. Leningrad, Sudpromgiz, 1963. 444 p. (MIRA 17:1)

BERZON, Inna Solomonovna; BOKANENKO, Lev Ivanovich; ISAYEV, Vasiliy Somonovich; SHCHUKINA, Ye.P., red.; BRUZGULS, V.V., tekhn.red.

[Seismic studies on the Tuyuksu Glacier] Seismicheskie issledovaniia na lednike Tuiuksu. Moskva, Izd-vo Akad.nauk SSSR, 1959. 66 p. (Akademiia nauk SSSR. Mezhduvedomstvennyi komitet po provedeniiu Mezhdunarodnogo geofizicheskogo goda seismicheskie issledovaniia, no.2). (MIRA 13:2) (Tuyuksu Glacier--Seismology--Observations)

PREOBRAZHENSKIY, V.S.; AVSYUK, G.A., prof., doktor geograf.nauk, otv.red.; SHCHUKINA, Ye.P., red.; POLENOVA, T.P., tekhn.red.

[Kodar glacier area (Transbaikalia)] Kodarskii lednikovyi raion (Zabaikal'e). Moskva, Izd-vo Akad.nauk SSSR, 1960. 71 p. (IX razdel programmy MGG (gliatsiologiia), no.4).

(MIRA 13:12)

(Kodar Range--Glaciological research)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001548920020-0"

KUSHNEREVSKIY, Yu.V., otv.red.; MIRKOTAN, S.F., kend.fiz.-matem.nauk, otv.red.; SHCHUKINA, Ye.P., red.; GUS'KOVA, O.M., tekhn.red.

[Investigation of ionospheric irregularities; collection of articles] Issledovania neodnorodnostei v ionosfere; sbornik statei. V razdel programny MGG (ionosfera). Moskva. No.4. 1960. 96 p. (MIRA 13:12)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Mezhduvedomstvennyy komitet po provedeniyu Mezhdunarodnogo geofizicheskogo goda.

(Ionospheric research)

FEDOROV, Ye.P., doktor fiz.-matem.nauk, otv.red.; SHCHUKINA, Ye.P., red.; RYLINA, Yu.V., tekhn.red.

> [Preliminary results of studies on latitudinal variations and polar motions of the earth; collection of articles] Predvaritel'nye rezul'taty issledovanii kolebanii shirot i dvizheniis poliusov zemli; sbornik statei. VIII razdel programmy MGG (shiroty i dolgoty). Moskva. No.1. 1960. 97 p.

(MIRA 13:12) 1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Mezhduvedomstvennyy komitet po pro-

vedeniyu Mezhdunerodnogo geofizicheskogo goda.

(Latitude)

CIA-RDP86-00513R001548920020-0" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

SYSOYEV, N.N., otv.red.; SHCHUKINA, Ye.P., red.; MARKOVICH, S.G., tekhn.red.

[Oceanological research; collection of articles] Okeanologicheskie issledovaniia; sbornik statei. X razdel programmy MGG (okeanologiia). Moskva. No.2. 1960. 125 p.

(MIRA 13:12)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Mezhduvedomstvennyy komitet po provedeniyu Mezhdunarodnogo geofizicheskogo goda.
(Oceanographic research)

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KALASHNIKOV, A.G., doktor fiziko-matemat.nauk, otv.red.; TROITSKAYA, V.A., kand.fiziko-matem.nauk, otv.red.; SHCHUKINA, Ye.P., red.; MAKUNI, Ye.V., tekhn.red.

[Short-period pulsations of the earth's electromagnetic field. Section III of the IGY program (geomagnetism)] Korotkoperiodicheskie kolebania elektromagnitnogo polia Zemli; sbornik statei. III razdel programmy MGG (geomagnetizm). Moskva. No.3. 1961. 114 p. (MIRA 14:2)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Mezhduvedomstvennyy komitet po provedeniyu Mezhdunarodnogo geofizicheskogo goda.

(Magnetism, Terrestrial)

KHASOVSKIY, V.I., doktor fiziko-matem. nauk, otv. red.; SHCHUKINA, Ye.P., red.; TIKHCMIROVA, S.G., tekhn. red.

[Spectral, electrophotometric, and radar investigations of auroras and the airglow; collection of articles] Spektral'nye, elektrofotometricheskie i radiolokatsionnye issledovania poliarnykh siianii i svecheniia nochnogo neba; sbornik
statei. IV razdel programmy MGG (poliarnye siianiia i svechenie
statei. IV razdel programmy MGG (poliarnye siianiia i svechenie
nochnogo neba). Moskva, Izd-vo Akad. nauk SSSR. No.6. 1961. 41 p.
(MIRA 14:12)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Mezhduvedomstvennyy komitet po provedeniyu Mezhdunarodnogo geofizicheskogo goda. (Auroras) (Night sky)

KOTLYAKOV, Vladimir Mikhaylovich; AVSYUK, G.A., otv. red.; SHCHUKINA, Ye.P., red.; VOLKOVA, V.Ye., tekhn. red.

[Collection of articles] Sbornik statei. Moskva, Izd-vo Akad. nauk SSSR. No.7. [The snow cover of Antarctica and its role in the contemporary glaciation of the continent] Snezhnyi pokrov Antarktidy i ego rol' v sovremennom oledenenii materika. 1961. 245 p. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Akaderiya nauk SSSR. Mezhduvedomstvennyy komitet po provedeniyu Mezhdunarodnogo geofizicheskogo goda. IX razdel programmy MGG. Glatsiologiya. 2. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii nauk SSSR for Avsyuk).

(Antarctic regions-Snow)

YELSHIN, K., inzh. (UFa); BRONSHTEYN, 1., inzh. (Ufa); SHESTAKOV, V., slesar' (Khar'kov); D'YACHENKO, B., slesar' (Khar'kov); SHCHUKLIN, F., inzh.-tekhnolog (Izhevsk); KOCHMOLA, G., inzh.; KHRAMKOV, V., inzh.-konstruktor (Gus'-Khrustal'nyy); GREYSMAN, A. (Kaltan, Kemerovskaya obl.); SUDNIKOV, V.I. (Verkhniy Ufaley)

Advertising board. Izobr.i rats. no.9:34 S '62. (MIRA 16:3)

1. Darnitskiy vagonoremontnyy zavod (for Kochmola). (Technological innovations)

S/033/63/040/002/013/021 E001/E120

AUTHORS: Krotikov V.D., and Shchuko, O.B.

TITIE: On the thermal behavior of the Moon's surface layer during lunations

PERIODICAL: Astronomicheskiy zhurnal, v.40, no.2, 1963, 297-303

TEXT: The problem of the Moon's surface layer thermal behavior is reduced to calculating the heating of the surface of a seminifinite solid body which is being warmed periodically by the Sun and is radiating according to the Stephan-Boltzmann law. The present article describes the results of investigating this problem by means of a 50CM-2 (BESM-2) electronic computer. As studies of the Moon's radio emission have shown, the single-layer model of the lunar surface agrees well with experimental data. Only a uniform structure of this surface layer is considered. The steady-state solution of the heat conductivity equation

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} - a \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial x^2} = 0$$

with corresponding initial and boundary conditions was found by Card 1/4

On the thermal behavior of the ... 5/033/63/040/002/013/021 E00I/E120

the method of finite differences. The values of the surface temperature and depth distribution of temperature were calculated, assuming the solar constant A_0 to be 0.033 cal/cm².sec, for different values of parameter $\gamma = (\text{Koc})^{-1/2}$

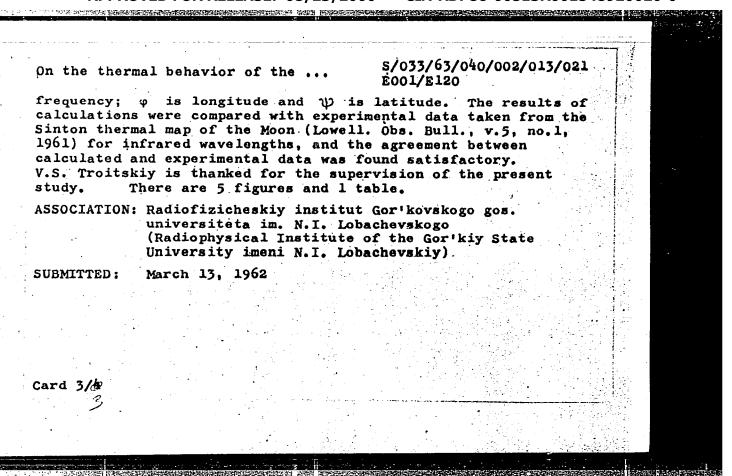
where K is thermal conductivity coefficient, ρ is density, and c is thermal capacity. The results of calculations are tabulated and presented graphically. The temperatures of the subsolar point $T_{\rm m}$, mean nightly temperature $T_{\rm n}$, constant component $T_{\rm o}$ and amplitude of the first harmonic $T_{\rm l}$, as functions of parameter γ are presented in the curves of Fig.3. The function of temperature distribution over the lunar surface is described by the formula:

 $T_{surf}(\phi \psi t) = T_0 \cos^{1/5} \psi + T_1 \cos^{1/3} \psi \cos (\Omega t - \phi - \phi_1) + T_1 \cos^{1/5} \psi \cos^{1/5} \psi \cos^{1/5} \psi$

+ $T_2 \cos^{0.27} \psi \cos (2\Omega t - 2\phi + \phi_2) -$

 $-T_3 \cos^{7/16} \psi \cos (3\Omega t - 3\phi - \phi_3) - \cdots$

where T_n and ϕ_n are values of amplitudes and phases of harmonics for the center of the lunar disk; Ω is lunation Card 2μ



FBD/EWT(1)/EWG(v)/EEC-4/EEC(t) Po-4/Pe-5/Pae-2/Pi-4 L 34470-65 5/0033/65/042/001/0145/0147 ACCESSION NR: AP5006010 AUTHOR: Krotikov, V. D.; Shchuko, O. B. TITLE: The averaging effect of an antenna directional pattern in measuring lunar 9m radio emission Astronomicheskiy zhurnal, v. 42, no. 1, 1965, 145-147 SOURCE: TOPIC TAGS: lunar temperature, antenna directional pattern, lunar radio emission ABSTRACT: V. S. Troitskiy's formula for determining the effective lunar temperature at various wavelengths (Astron. zh., [v.] 31, 79, 1954) is modified to take into account the averaging effect of the antenna directional pattern. It is assumed 1) that the antenna directional pattern is a body of revolution, 2) that the axis of the diagram passes through the center of the Moon, and 3) that side lobes are absent. The dependence of the ratio of averaging coefficients on pattern bandwidth σ is calculated for various wavelengths in the 0.1-10-cm band and for ε = 3, 1.5, and 1.2. At $\sigma > 40$, the averaging effect can be neglected. On the basis of the experimental data, the characteristic parameter of can be determined more precisely. Orig. art. has: 1 figure, 1 table, and 2 formulas. Card 1/2

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ASSOCIATION: Gor'kovskiy nauchno- (Gorky Scientific Research Institu	issledovatel'skiy rad	iofizicheakiy	institut		
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KROTIKOV, V.D.: SHCHUKD, C.B.

Allowance for the averaging effect of the directional diagram of the antenna in lunar radio emission measurements. Astron. zhur. 42 no.1:145-147 Ja-F '65. (MIRA 18:2)

1. Gor'kovskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy radiofizicheskiy institut.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001548920020-0

L 10311-63

BDS

ACCESSION NR: AP3000888

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AUTHOR: Shchuko, S. D. (Gor'kiy)

46

TITLE: A dynamic model of a restrained clockwork without start-and-stop motion of the escape wheel.

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izv. Otd. tekh. nauk. Mekhanika i mashinostroyeniye, no. 2, 1963, 131-132

TOPIC TAGS: clockwork, non-stop escape wheel, non-stop escapement.

ABSTRACT: This theoretical paper examines the dynamic model of a restrained clockwork motion without any start-stop motion of the escape wheel on a simplified model with 2 degrees of freedom. This study constitutes a generalization of the model previously investigated by N. N. Bautin (Inzhenernyy sbornik, v. 16, 1953; Adad, nauk SSSR., Izv., Otd. tekh. nauk, no. 10, 1955). The escape wheel is represented by an infinite straightesided toothed rack that is caused to move by a constant moment P. All geometric and impulses transfer characteristics are assumed to be symmetrical with respect to the equilibrium positions of the balance unit. In the study of the period and amplitude of the periodic solution,

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the model investigated here (Fig.1) has 2 degrees of freedom, and its phase space is 4-dimensional. However, inasmuch as the escape wheel and the balance unit are kinematically coupled during the impulse transfer, the post-impulse coordinates and velocities of the balance unit and the escape wheel coincide. The investigation of the phase space of the system can, therefore, be reduced to the transformation of the semi-straight-line of the post-impulse states into itself. Analytical expressions are derived for the oscillatory period and its stability. There are 9 numbered equations and 1 figure.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 27Dec62

ec62 DATE ACQ: 12Jun63

ENGL: 01

SUB CODE: MD, CG

NR REF SOV: 002

OTHER: 000

Card 2/3/2

L 53921-65

ACCESSION NR: AP5017359

UR/0239/64/050/011/1329/1334

AUTHOR: Vinnikov, Ya. A.; Zhinkin, I. L.; Shchukolyukov, S. A.

7

TITLE: Activity of enzymes of the succinooxidase system in mitochondria of neurons of the auditory and visual cortex and of the cerebellum under conditions of relative rest and on adequate stimulation

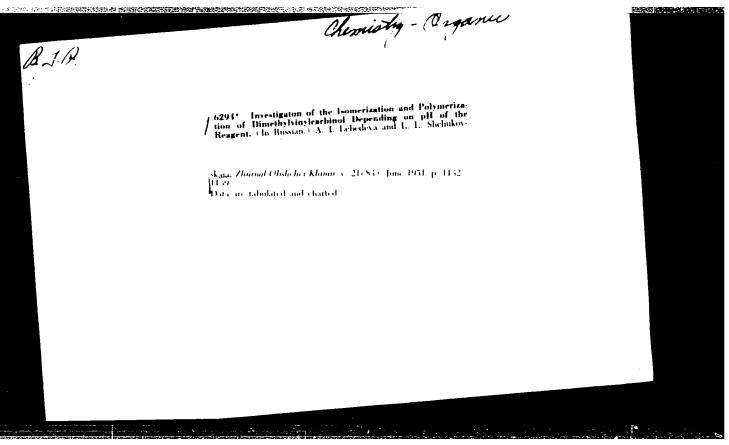
SOURCE: Fiziclogicheskiy zhurnal SSSR, v. 50, no. 11, 1964, 1329-1334

TOPIC TAGS: experiment animal, brain, light biologic effect, acoustic biologic effect, enzyme, neurology

Abstract: A histochemical study was carried out of the enzymes of the succinooxidase system of mitochondria of neurons of the auditory and visual cortex and of the cerebellum, using sections of the brain and cerebellum of guinea
pigs that had been subjected to the action of sound of 95 decibels at a
frequency of 300 or 1,500 cycles for 15-30 min or 1-6 hrs. The results
were compared with those obtained on brain sections of guinea pigs that had
not been subjected to a sound stimulus. In another series of experiments,
the brain sections of guinea pigs subjected to the action of bright intermittent light for 30 min were studied. Guinea pigs adapted to darkness were
used as controls. Significant changes in the enzyme activity of mitochondria

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of neurons of the cortex were fou changes produced by the stimuli w	and on application of the vere detected in mitochond	stimuli, but no cia of neurona of	
the cerebellum. Orig. art. has	6 figures.		
ASSOCIATION: Institut Evolyutsi Leningrad (Institute of Evoluti	onnoy fiziologii im. I. M. onary Physiology, AN SSSR	Sechenova AN SSSR,	
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Chemical Abst. Vol. 48 No. 9 May 10, 1954 Organic Chemistry	/ Synthesis and properties of allylsilanes: 1-naphthyltri- allylsilane, cyclohexyltrialfylsilane, butyltriallylsilane, and tributylallylsilane. A. D. Petrov and L. L. Shehu- kovskava. Bull. Acad. Sci. U.S.S.R., Dis. Chem. Sci. 1952, 537-8(Engl. translation).—See C.A. 47, 3792g. II. L. H.	
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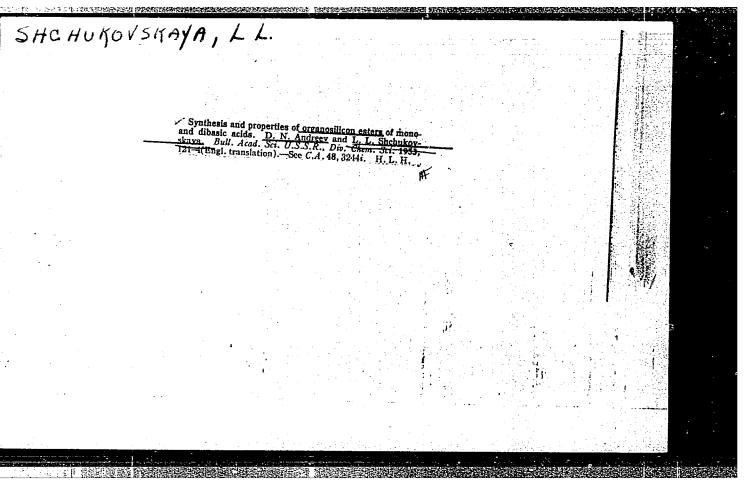
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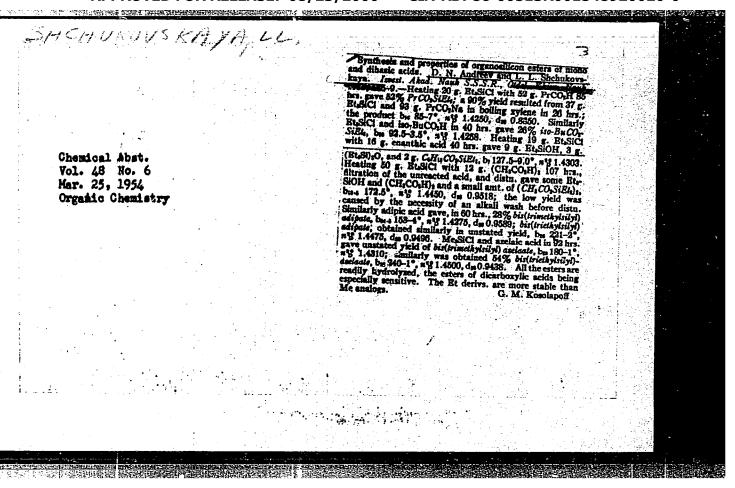
"The Synthesis and Properties of Symmetrical Acetylenic Disilanes," A.J. Petrov, Corr Men Acad Sci U.S., and L. S. Shehukovskaya, Inst Org Jhen, Acad Sci USSR

MAN 1384, Vol 86, No 3, pp 551-533

(3H₃)₃oid=3Gi(3H₃)₃(1), (3₂H₅)₃Sid=3Si(3₂H₅)₃(II), and (n-3_kH₉)₃Sid=3Si(n-3_kH_y)₃(III) were synthesized from Hg, 3₂H₆ ir, and acetylene using the appropriate compds of the following: (3H₃)₃Sid1, (3₂H₅)₃SiBr, and (n-3_kH₉)₃Sid1 for reaction with the symmetrical complex formed initially. The hydrogenation of H was performed over Raney nickel and in an autoclave under heat and pressure.

PA 2147.27





SHCHUKOVSKAYA, L.L.

] Synthesis and properties of mono- and disubstituted cilicacestylenic hydrocarbons. A. D. Petrov. L. L. L. Schellovykaya, and Yu. P. Egorov (N. D. Zelinskii Inist. Schellovykaya, and Yu. P. Egorov (N. D. Zelinskii Inist. Schellovykaya, and Yu. P. Egorov (N. D. Zelinskii Inist. 12325h.—McCl. CH. (13.5 l.) treated with EtMgBr. (from 12225h.—McCl. CH. (13.5 l.) treated in Inist. and refluxed 4 hrs. gave 79% E4.5%C; CMs (1), b. 169.5-70.5°, ny 1.4485, dw 0.8029, Raman spectrum (cm. -1) 310(3), 368(4), 402(4), 498(1), 546(1), 606(5), 676(1), 712(2), 740(3), 974(4), 1006(3), 1025(3), 1236(4), 1380(5), 1418(4), 1465(5), 2188(10), 2322(2), 2857(1), 2885(8), 2891(4), 2920(8), and 2062(5). Hydrogenation over Pd gave E4.5Fr, b. 170°, ny 1.4308, dw 0.7725. I (8 g.) and 1.6 g. Na heated in a scaled tube 16–18 hrs. at 170–220° gave some 2 g. higher-bedling product, bis 162–8°, ny 1.4718, dw 0.8443, possibly the cyclic dimer. Similarly were prepd. Mc5.5C CMs, bw 99–100°, ny 1.4091, dw 0.7581; Mc5.5C CMs, bw 99–100°, ny 1.4091, dw 0.7581; Mc5.5C CPh, b. 87.5°, ny 1.8284, dw 0.8081, Raman spectrum 200(4), 218(3), 226(3), 300(1), 342(2), 394(4), 530(5), 560(1), 588(6), 623(4), 648(5), 674(1), 600(3), 748(5), 802(3), 941(3), 998(2), 1023(4), 1117(2), 1154(4), 1178(7),

1248(10), 1416(2), 1250(1), 1443(2), 1480(4), 1596(10), 2160(20), 2011(8), 2960(6), and 3060(10); El₂SiC; CPh, blu 132-3.5°, n²5 1.5259, dm 0.8984, Raman spectrum 297(2), 408(2), 423(3), 459(1), 57(5), 558(1), 623(5), 754(3), 828(5), 857(1), 970(3), 998(20), 1008(2), 1023(2), 1117(4), 1154(1), 1175(7), 1217(10), 1234(3), 1460(4), 1415(3), 1489(1), 1596(16), 2169(20), 2882(5), 2910(3), 2060(4) and 3049(15). The acetylene link thus shows a Raman frequency ranging from 3186 to 2160 (in conjugated Ph derivs.). The cyclic dimer mentioned above probably has a cyclobutane ring since it lacks the 2999 and 3076 lines, which are characteristic of a :CH₃ group. Treatment of McMgI (from 150 g. McI) with CH₃ at 3 atm. initially, then heating in an autoclave to 45°, treatment of the product with 45 g. Et.SiCl and 5 g. HgCl₃ in Et₂0 and again heating under C₂H₃ pressure to 60-80° 5-6 hrs., gave 10%-El₃SiC (CH, bm 50-61°, n³§ 1.4347, dm 0.7918. McSiCl failed to react with McC(OH)C;H (II). To the Grignard complex from 17 g. II, 44 g. EtBr, and 10 g. Mg was added 44 g. McSiCl, and the mixt. refluxed 6 hrs., evapd., heated 4 hrs. on a steam bath, and treated with H₂O, to yield 22 g. McC(OSiMe)C;CH, bm 94-6°, m. 42-2.5° Similarly was prepd. Mc₂C(OSiMe)C;CH, bm 121.8°, n³§ 1.4557, d₂, 0.8638. G. M. Kosolapoff

SHCHUKOVSKAYA, L. L.

"Synthesis and Reactions of Unsaturated Silicon Hydrocarbons." Cand Chem Sci, Leningrad State U, Leningrad, 1954. (RZhKhim, No 22, Nov 54)

Survey of Scientific and Technical Dissertations Defended at USSR Higher Educational Institutions (11)

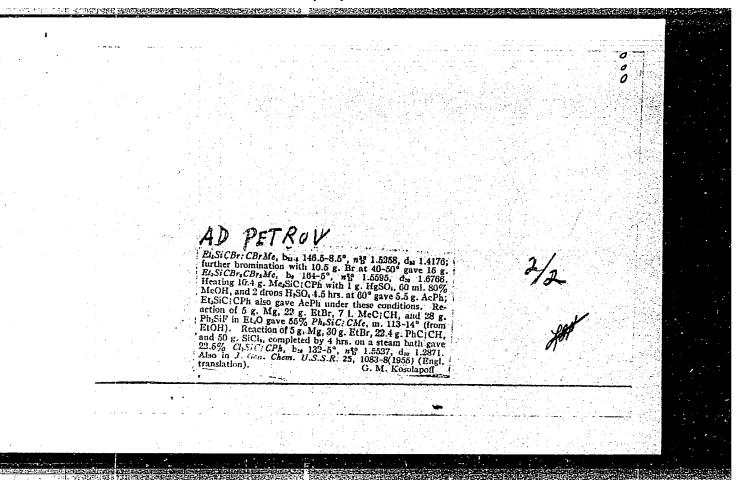
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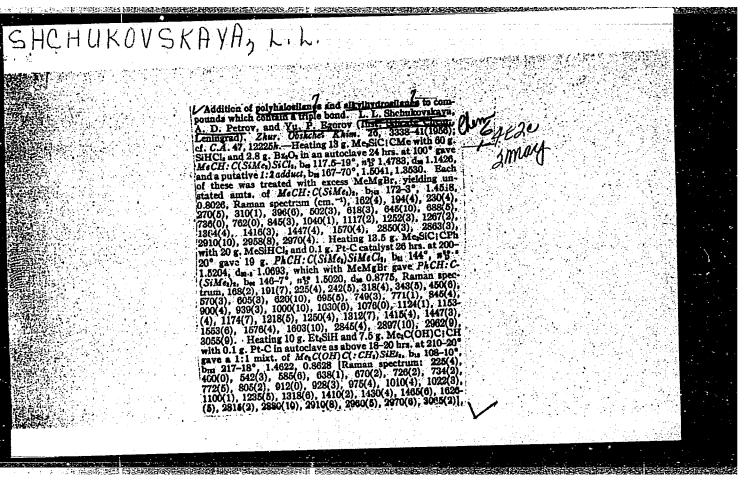
SHCHUKOVSKAYA, L.L

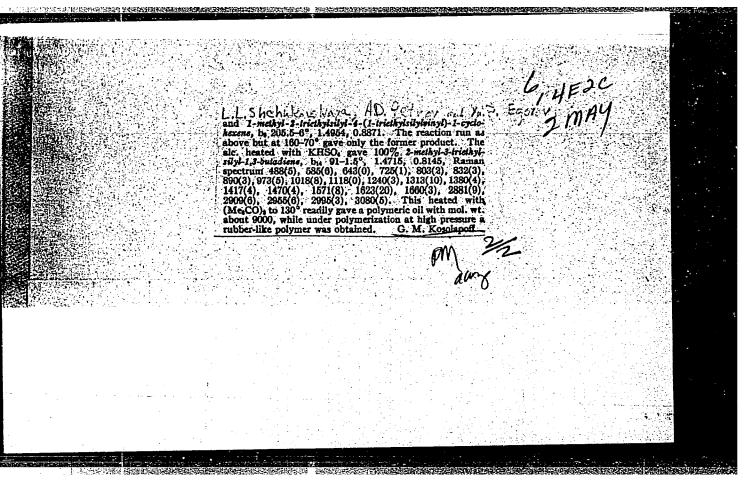
Behavior toward chemical reagents of the silicon-carbon bond in a-alkyayl- and p-alkenyisilanes. A. D. Petrov and L. L. Sheinkovskaya. Zhur. Obsichet Khim. 25, 1128-00(1950).—The fraction of R.SiX with acetylenic Grignard reagents involves the etherate of the latter; the silicon reagent reacts with the Et-O, so that an excess of RMgX is necessary to complete the reaction, or the reaction must be run, without Et-O. The Si-C link in acetylenic silanes is cleaved under mild hydration conditions, but is quite stable to bromination, being able to add 2 or 4 Br atoms. In contrast to (cMgX), and HC: CNa, ArC:-CMgX react readily with SiCl. Allylic silanes undergo cleavage under conditions of bromination or action of PhLi. To (cMgBr), from 20 g. Mg, 94 g. EtBr, and C.H. in Et-O was added 48 g. BuSiCl; the mixture refluxed 6 hrs., freed of Et-O and heated 26 hrs. at 140-60° gave, after antreatment, 32% BuSiOEt, bn 126-8°, ng 1.4368, da 0.8312. Similar reaction of 60 g. Mg, 281 g. EtBr, C.H., and 67 g. BuSiCl in Et-O gave 43% BuSiOEt and 13% (BuSiCr), bn 215-18°, ng 1.4569, de 0.8339. Similar reaction with 50 g. Mg, 234 g. EtBr, C.H., 44 g. BuSiC and 2 g. Cuch, the reaction being completed by 8.5 hrs. at 165-70°, gave 48.7% BuSiOEt and 22.3% (BuSiCr), bn 216-18°, ng 1.4597; a modification in which after the prepn. of (1CMgBr), the Et-O was decanted and replaced with petr. ether, gave 40.6% BuSiOEt and 33% (BuSiCr), bn-17-17-19, dp 0.8276, ng 1.4595. To EtMgBr from 15 g. Mg and 100 g. EtBr in dry C.H. (cf. Andrianov, C.A. 41, 701c) was added CaH, over 12 hrs. yielding a purple

layer, which was then treated with 39 g. BusSiV as above, yielding some BusSiOFt and 15-18% (BusSiCr). In 210-12°. Similar reaction of 22.5 g. Mg, 100 g. ErBr. C.II., and 40 g. (CdIn).SiCl with 2 g. CuiCl, gave 51% (CsIII.).SiOCl, bu 191-2°, at 1.4442, d., 0.8272 and 25% ((CsIII.).SiOCl, bu 191-2°, at 1.4574, d., 0.8335; a reaction of 7.5 g. Mg, 37 g. ErBr, C.II., and 30.5 g. (CsIII.).SiOCl and 46% (R.Si).O. When (i.CMgBr), was prept. from 30 g. Mg, 140 g. ErBr, and CsII. in Et₂O, and the solvent was decanted and replaced with petr. ether, and the mixt. was treated with 2 g. ChiCi, and 31.5 g. (CsIII.).SiOCl and 30.7% (CsIII.).SiOCl and 50.7% (CsIII.).SiOCl and

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20-3-28/59

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AUTHORS

Petrov, A.D., Corresponding Member, AN A, Shchukovskaya, L.L.,

Sadykh-Zade, S.I., Yegorov, Yu.P.

TITLE

The Synthesis and Dehydration of Unsaturated Silicon Containing

Alcohols.

(Sintez i degidratatsiya nepredel'nykh kremniysoderzhashchikh spi-

rtov - Russian)

- PERIODICAL

Doklady Akademii Nauk SSSR, 1957, Vol 115, Nr 3, pp 522-525(U.S.S.A.)

ABSTRACT

It is known that the character of alcohol dehydration is determined by the structure and nature of its alcohol group. This is easiest in the case of the tertiary, which is followed by the secondary and most difficult it is in the case of the primary ones. In the case of silicon containing alcohol the influence of this element is added. It was shown that the alcohols with a B-position of the alcohol group with regard to Si suffer a stronger or slighter B-decay, the saturated as well as the unsaturated alcohols, independently of their structure, besides dehydration. The unsaturated alcohols with a 7-position of the alcohol group as well as the not decomposing alcohols with a B-position of this group which are investigated in the present paper are studied only to a very small extent. Formulae of the first of such alcohols are given, the dehydration of which was not yet studied. The first unsaturated not decomposing alcohol with a Its dehydration B-position of the OH-group is OH - CH3 $C = CH_2$

Card 1/2

CH3 S1(C2H5)3 with KHSO4 took place very easily and yielded the first silicium

The Synthesis and Dehydration of Unsaturated Silicon 20-3-28/59 Containing Alcohols.

analogue of the methylisopren. The authors then synthetized the cyclic analogues of this alcohol and of the solicon hydrocarbon. Already in 1953 it was proved that after an interaction between the dimethylacetylenylcarbinol and the surplus of the Grignard-reagent the obtained derivate reacts with R3SiCl. The first of the two varieties (explained by schemes) was preferred. The synthesis of the above mentioned compound for R=CH3 Was repeated and a series of its analogues was obtained. All of them were easily dehydrated with KHSO4. The precise results of the spectral analysis with the above mentioned results are the reason for the suggestion of a(given)reaction scheme. The formation of compounds of an enol-type are a second confirmation of the structure. The obtained values are similar to those of the vinylethynylsilanes R3SiC C-CH=CH2.Furthermore 2 ways of synthesis are described. The synthetization of the ether CH3 C-C CH CH3 OSi(C2H5)3 was also successful. An isomeric tertiary alcohol which formerly was considered to be an ether has here given constants. There is 1 table and 4 Slavic references. Institute for Organic Chemistry". N.D. Zelinskiy "of the A.N. of the (Institut organicheskoy khimii im.N.D.Zelinskogo A.N. SSSR) USSR.

ASSOCIATION

SUBMITTED AVAILABLE Card 2/2 March 3, 1957 Library of Congress

FETROV, A. D., SADYKH-ZADE, S. I., and SHCHUKOVSKAYA, L. L.

"Acetylene m und Dien-Sillciumorganische Verbindungen,"

paper presented for the Symposium on Organic and Non-Siliceous Silicon Chemistry Dresden, 12-14 May 1958.

507/62-58-8-18/22 Snemukovskaya, L. L., Petrov, A. D. AUTHORS: The Symbhesis of Silicon Containing Acetylene Alcohols TITLE: (Sinte: kramnesoderzhashobikh atsetilenovykh spirtor) Irvastiya Akademli nauk SSSR. Otdeleniye khimicheskikh nauk, PERIODICAL: 1958; Nr S, pp. :011-10 4 (USSR) Abety ene alcohols may be synthesized either by means of the ABSTRACT: condensation of the ketones with acetylene or by their interaction with the Grignard reagent (according to Totsich); as is known. As is mentioned by the authors they produced ternary anetylene alcohols in their preliminary work (Ref 3). In the present paper they say, however, that after careful investigaries it was found that in tetrahydrofuran the reaction $HC \equiv CMgX + R_3SiX \rightarrow R_3SiC \equiv CH + MgX_2$ takes place with a good yield of tristhylestlyl acetylene. Ternary silicon and fluorine containing unsaturated alcohol (-propene-2-triethylesilyle 3:3-methylfluoro-methyl-ol3) were synthesized by the combination of twiethyl silane with methylatrifluareamethyl acetylenyl There are a table and 3 references, 1 of which is Sovieto Card i/1

SOV/62-58-9-18/22 The Synthesis of Silicon Containing Abetylene Albehols

ASSOCIATION: Institut khimii silikatov Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of the

Chemistry of Silicates, AS USSR)

SUBMITTED: March 31, 1958

C574 2/2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

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81600

s/062/60/000/04/06/006 B004/B066

53700

Mironov, V. F., Shchukovskaya, L. L.

AUTHORS: Relative Reactivity of Some Alkenyl Silanes During Their TITLE

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Interaction With Trichloro Silane

Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR. Otdeleniye khimicheskikh PERIODICAL:

nauk, 1960, No. 4, pp. 760 - 762

TEXT: According to Refs. 1 - 3, hydrosilanes were added to vinyl and allyl silanes under conditions which required the performance of the reaction in an autoclave. The authors used the catalyst of I. L. Speier (Ref. 4) (0.1 N H2PtCl6.6H2O in isopropanol). The reaction could thus

be carried out at room temperature in a glass vessel. The relative reactivity was investigated by allowing equimolecular mixtures of allyl and vinyl silanes to react with an equivalent trichloro silane, and by determining the quantity of the reacting initial substance. The following was found: Vinyl trichloro silane reacted to 60%, allyl trichloro silane to 40% only; in the case of Cl_SiCH=CH_2 and (C_H_5)2CH_SiCH=CH_2,

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Relative Reactivity of Some Alkenyl Silanes During Their Interaction With Trichloro Silane

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the former compound reacted to 23%, the latter to 77%; in the case of ${\rm Cl_3SiCH_2CH=CH_2}$ and ${\rm (CH_3)_3SiCH_2CH=CH_2}$, the former compound reacted to 60%, the latter to 40%. The accumulation of chlorine atoms at the silicon atom thus facilitates the addition of trichloro silane to allyl-substituted silane and inhibits this reaction in vinyl-substituted silane. A table presents the ten compounds synthesized for the first time and their physical data, among them \propto , ω -disilyl ethanes which were obtained by addition of hydride silanes to various vinyl silanes and by alkylation by means of RMgX or ArMgX. The authors refer to papers by A. V. Topchiyev et al. (Ref. 2) and A. D. Petrov et al. (Ref. 6). There are 1 table and 6 references: 3 Soviet, 1 Japanese and 2 American.

K

ASSOCIATION: Institut organicheskoy khimii im. N. D. Zelinskogo Akademii nauk SSSR (<u>Institute of Organic Chemistry imeni N. D. Zelinskiy of the Academy of Sciences, USSR</u>), Institut khimii silikatov Akademii nauk SSSR (<u>Institute</u> of Silicate

Chemistry of the Academy of Sciences, USSR)

SUBMITTED

August 19, 1959

Card 2/2

sov/79-30-2-77/78 5.5700

Petrov, A. D., Shchukovskaya, L. L. AUTHORS:

Letters to the Editor. Synthesis of Unsaturated Silicon TITLE:

Hydrocarbons

Zhurnal obshchey khimii, 1960, Vol 30, Nr 2, p 700 (\$\square\squa PERIODICAL:

The reaction of chloroprene with methyldichlorosilane ABSTRACT:

in an evacuated tube at $550-600^{\circ}$ yields a mixture of isomers of silicon hydrocarbons, consisting mainly of silicoallene and corresponding dimers. This was confirmed by elemental analysis and infrared spectra.

Institute of Chemistry of Silicates of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR (Institut khimii silikatov Aka-ASSOCIATION:

demii nauk SSSR)

November 30, 1959 SUBMITTED:

20639

B/020/61/136/006/015/024 B103/B20**3**

Synthesis and reactions of ...

in the syntheses mentioned), as well as bialkyl diethinyl silanes of the type R_2Si — (C \equiv CH)₂. The medium used for the synthesis of nos. 1-4 and 12 (Table 1) was dry tetrahydrofuran, nos. 6-9 were produced in ether. The authors noticed the reduced value of the C = C vibration (at 2030 cm-1)in the vibration spectra of monosubstituted silyl acetylenes which contained a triple bond in the α -position. According to their opinion, this effect is comparable to a similar reduction in vinyl silanes (Ref. 2). This effect is much less distinct in the spectra of di-substituted silyl acetylenes (Ref. 3). In the infrared spectrum of the acid $(C_0H_{\pi})_3Sig\equiv C-COOH$, the stretching vibrations of the hydroxyl correspond to broad bands near 250 and $2508 \, \text{cm}^{-1}$. The position of these bands characterized the strength of the hydrogen bonds and justifies the statement saying that this acid is somewhat stronger than saturated aliphatic acids (but weaker than dibasic acids). This conclusion was confirmed by a comparison of the dissociation constants of triethyl silyl ethinyl carboxylic acid and acetic acid. The authors thank A. N. Lazarev for taking an interpreting the spectra. There are 1 table and 4 references: 3 Soviet-bloc.

Card 2/4

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

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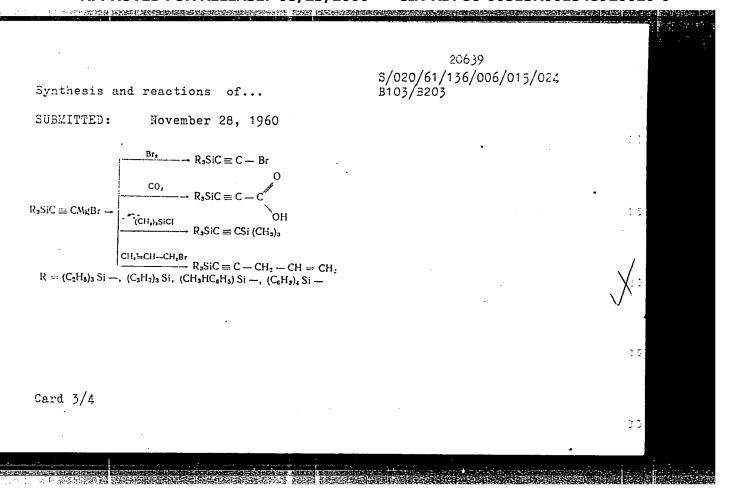


Таблица і

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S/020/61/136/006/015/024 B103/B203

Synthesis and reactions of ...

Legend to Table 1: 1 - running number, 2 - synthetized compound, 3 - boiling point (no. 12 melting point), $^{\circ}$ C, 4 - pressure, mm Hg, 5 - $^{\circ}$ C, 6 - $^{\circ}$ C, 7 - 8 - $^{\circ}$ MR_D, 7 - determined, 8 -calculated (according to Vogel),

9 - yield, %, (nos. 7 and 8 - referred to the reacted silicon hydrocarbon). Column 1, no. 12: unlike trialkyl silyl acetylenes, this compound is readily hydrolyzable with water, even in the cold, and forms $(c_6H_5)_3$ SiOH

with the melting point at 152-164°C.

	7	٠ ع	ı.			₽	٤	47
						MRD		<u> </u>
NeNe n.n.	Соединение	Т. кип., •С	Р, им	. ଖୃଦ୍ଧ	R ₂ -	жейд.	BEATMCA.	Выход, %
1234507890112	(#-C,H,),SIC≡CH CH,(H)C,H,SIC≡CH CH,(H)C,H,SIC≡CH (C,H,),SI(C≡CH), (#-C,H,),SI(C≡CH), (#-C,H,),SI(C≡C+COUII (#-C,H,),SIC≡C−COUII (#-C,H,),SIC≡C−CH,−CH=CH, CH,(H)C,H,SIC≡C-CH,−CH=CH, (CH,(H)C,H,SIC≡CSI(CH,), (CH,(H)C,H,SIC≡CSI(CH,), (CH,(H)C,H,SIC,ECSI(CH,), (CH,(H,CH,)CH,), (CH,(H,CH,)C,H,SIC,ECSI(CH,), (CH,(H,CH,)C,H,SIC,ECSI(CH,), (CH,(H,CH,)C,H,SIC,ECSI(CH,), (CH,(H,CH,)CH,), (CH,(H,CH,)CH,), (CH,(H,CH,)C,H,SIC,EC,H,), (CH,(H,CH,)CH,), (CH,(H,CH,)CH,), (CH,(H,CH,)CH,), (CH,(H,CH,)CH,), (CH,(H,CH,)CH,), (CH,(H,CH,)CH,), (CH,(H,CH	97-97.5 92.5 90 78-79 77.5-78.5 132.2-132.8 115.5-116 120.5-120.7 129-129.5 166 172-174 7. tot. 48.5-49	20 42 17 84 15 3 11 13 27 6 3 1,5	1,4376 1,5159 1,5161 1,4393 1,4429 1,4682 1,4740 1,5230 1,5039 1,5579 1,5598	0,7980 0,9169 0,9161 0,8147 0,8094 0,9139 1,0688 0,9258 0,9310 0,9732	59,95 48,17 52,76 44,03 58,71 54,29 68,73 61,97 72,12 87,30 96,53	60,59 48,59 52,87 44,52 53,82 53,30 68,68 62,17 72,27 57,22 96,88	77 59 58.5 34 50 61.5 50
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Card 4/4

5.2420 5.2410

33988 5/062/62/000/002/013/013 B117/B138

AUTHORS:

Shchukovskaya, L. L., Voronkov, M. G., and Pavlova; O. V.

TITLE:

New method of N-dimethyl-B-difluoro borazene synthesis

PERIODICAL: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Otdeleniye khimicheskikh

nauk, no. 2, 1962, 366

TEXT: The new method consists in the separation of hydrogen fluoride from N-dimethyl-B-trifluoro borazane heated with aluminum dust in vaseline oil medium. C₂H₇NBF₂ (boiling point 149 - 150°C (5 mm Hg), dry aluminum dust, and vaseline oil (boiling point 210 - 230°C (2 mm Hg)) were slowly heated in a distilling flask on Wood's alloy. At 2780 hydrogen started separating energetically and the collecting vessel connected with the gasometer by way of a cooling trap rapidly filled with white brilliant N-dimethyl-B-difluoro borazane crystals. Owing to the vaseline oil the course of the reaction $6(CH_3)_2NH-BF_3+2Al-6(CH_3)_2NBF_2+2AlF_3+3H_2$ was very smooth and easy to control. Yield of N-dimethyl-B-difluoro borazene: 85 - 88%. Some compounds of the type R₂N BF₂, which are still being examined, were obtained in a similar Card 1/2

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33988 \$/062/62/000/002/013/013 B117/B138

New method of N-dimethyl-B-difluoro...

manner. Hydrogen fluoride could not be separated from N-dimethyl-B-triiluoro borazane by heating with KF. There are 2 non-Soviet references.
The two references to English-language publications read as follows:
J. F. Brown, J. Amer. Chem. Soc. 74, 1219 (1952); A. B. Burg, J. Banus, J.
Amer. Chem. Soc. 76, 3903 (1954).

ASSOCIATION: Institut khimii silikatov Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of Silicate Chemistry of the Academy of Sciences USSR)

SUBMITTED: August 10, 1961

Card 2/2

S/020/60/135/004/027/037 BC 16/B066

AUTFORS:

Shchukovskaya, L. L., Petrov, A. D., Corresponding Member

AS USSR, and Lazarev, A. N.

TITLE:

High-temperature Condensation of Chloroprene With Methyl

Silane Dichloride

PERIODICAL: Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1960, Vol. 135, No. 4, pp. 883-885

TEXT: The authors studied the high-temperature condensation of chloroprene with methyl silane dichloride: 1) at 550-580°C and 2) at 590-600°C. Ad 1) Two principal fractions: I (Boiling point 68.5 - 70°C/18 mm Hg) and II (88 - 90°C/0.5 mm Hg) were obtained by fractionation after treatment with C₂H₅MgBr. In one of these fractions the expected methyl diethyl silyl butadiene CH₂=C-CH=CH₂ was found. It contains at least 50% of allene isomer CH₃Si(C₂H₅)₂

and up to 5% chlorine. Chlorine was also contained in the dimer fraction: $[CH_3(C_2H_5)_2Si-CH=CH-CH=CH_2]_2$. Ad 2) Each of the 11 fractions obtained

Card 1/4

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\$/020/60/135/004/027/037 High-temperature Condensation of Chloroprene B316/B066 With Methyl Silane Dichloride was methylated and then fractionated. Only 5 fractions were studied: Boiling Point Fraction 111.5-113°C/748 mm Hg A 710/64 mm Hg В 75°/30 mm Hg 74°/28 mm Hg 86°/20 mm Hg V G 62-64°/3 mm Hg \mathbf{D} In this case the yield of condensate was higher: up to 50 %, calculated for the chloroprene reacted. The reaction product could be methylated by CH MgBr. In addition to $CH_2 = C[Si(CH_3)_2] - CH - CH_2$ (isomer mixture) the authors isolated and identified styrene (10 % yield). They regard the latter fact as proof for a partial reduction of the clorine of c.loroprene and also for a dehydrogenation, as the styrene is apparently formed via the vinyl cyclohexene. But styrene could also have resulted via butadiene. The authors further isolated a disilane to which they ascribed the empirical formula $C_{10}H_{22}Si_2$ and a presumable structure: $(CH_3)_3SiCH = CH - CH = SHSi(CH_3)_3$, which however, could not be confirmed. The disilane was probably formed according Card 2/4

High-temperature Condensation of Chloroprene S/020/60/135/004/027/037 With Methyl Silane Dichloride S/020/60/135/004/027/037

to the scheme: $(CH_2 = C - CH = CH_2)_2 \longrightarrow C_4H_6 + (CH_3)_3 \text{ sich} = CH = CHsi(CH_3)_3$ (I)

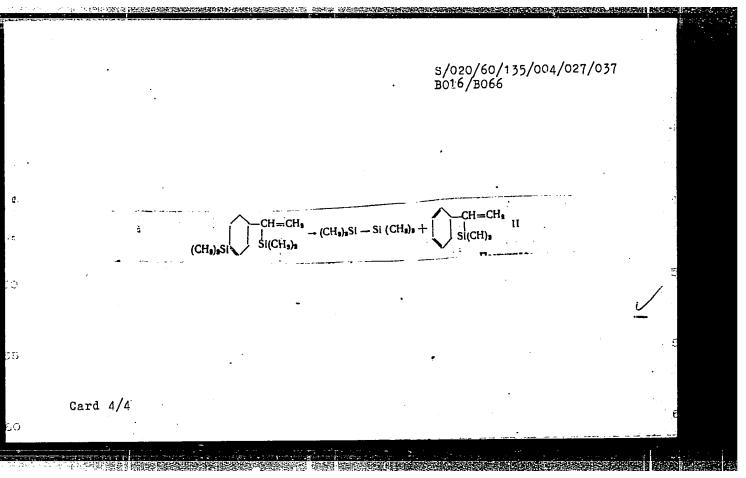
But its spectrum is in contradiction with this formula. This disilane adds both 2 and 4 bromine atoms. The fraction D much resembled the 4-trimethyl silyl vinyl cyclohexadiene (see the terminal member of the attached scheme II), it may be formed according to this scheme. R. I. Pal'chik took part in the experimental section of this paper. There are 2 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Institut khimii silikatov Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of

Silicate Chemistry of the Academy of Sciences USSR)

SUBMITTED: August 18, 1960

Card 3/4



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5 3700

2209, 1164, 1273

\$/020/61/136/006/015/024 B103/B203

AUTHOR:

Shehukovskaya, L. L., Pal'chik, R. I., and Petrov A. D.,

Corresponding Member AS USSR

TITLE:

Synthesis and reactions of acetylene sillion hydrocarbons

PERIODICAL:

Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, v. 156, no. 6, 1961, 1554-1356

TEXT: The authors continued their studies of the synthesis of acetylene silicon hydrocarbons (Ref. 1). From triethyl silyl acetylene $(C_2H_5)_3$ SiC =CH they easily obtained the organomagnesium compound $(C_2H_5)_3$ Si = CMgBr which can react with carbonyl compounds. In the present study, the authors proceeded according to the enclosed scheme. They synthetized alkyl- and alkyl-aryl-silyl moncacetylene hydrocarbons of the type — Si — C =CH, further some derivatives of the type — Si — C =CH, further some derivatives of the type — Si — C =C - X (where X = Br, COOH, and others), of the disubstituted moncacetylene hydrocarbons of the type — Si — C = C — Si — (forming in small amounts Card 1/4

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001548920020-0"

SHCHUKOVSKAYA, L.L.; VORONKOV, M.G.; PAVLOVA, O.V.

New methods of synthesizing D-monohalo-substituted N-dialkyl-borazines and N-trialkylborazanes. Dokl. AN SSSR 143 no.4: 887-889 Ap '62. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Institut khimii silikatov AN SSSR. Predstavleno akademikom A.V.Topchiyevym.

(Borazane) (Borazine)

SHCHUKOVSKAYA, L.L.; USHAKOV, S.N.; GALANINA, N.K.

Synthesis of halogenated acetaldely hydrates. Izv.AN SSSR.Otd.khim. nauk.no.9:1692-1693 S 162. (MIRA 15:10)

l. Institut vysokomolekylyarnykh soyedinenty AN SSSR. (Acetaldehyde)

SHCHUKOVSKAYA, L.L.; PAL'CHIK, R.I.

Synthesis of trimethylsiloxyacetylene. Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. khim. no.8:1556 Ag '64. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Institut khimii silikatov im. I.V. Grebenshchikova AN SSSR.

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I. 25271-65 EWT(m)/EPF(c)/EWP(j)/T Pc-4/Pr-4 RM

ACCESSION NR: AP5001602

S/0062/64/000/012/2228/2230

21

AUTHOR: Shchukovskaya, L. L.; Pal'chik, R. I.

TITLE: Synthesis of trialkylsilylalkoxyacetylenes and alpha-bromo-beta-trialkyl-

silylvinyl ethers

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Ozvestiya. Seriya khimicheskaya, no. 12, 1964, 2228-2230

TOPIC TAGS: trialkylsilylalkoxyacetylene, silylalkoxyacetylene derivative,

alkylsilylvinyl ether, synthesis, acetylenic silane derivative

ABSTRACT: A new class of compounds, exemplified by trimethylsilylethoxyacetylene, trimethylsilylbutoxyacetylene and triethylsilylethoxyacetylene was synthesized by the following reaction under mild conditions:

Card1/2

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ACCESSION NR: AP5001602

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responding trialkylsilylacetates. Under the hydrolysis conditions (CH₃)₃SiCH₂COOC₂H₅ and (CH₃)₃SiCH₂COOC₄H₉ underwent rupture of the Si-C bond: 2(CH₃)₃SiCH₂COOR' 2HOH [(CH₃)₃Si]₂O + 2CH₃COOR. Physical properties and IR spectral data were obtained for the compounds. "Spectra were obtained and interpreted by A. N. Lazarov." Orig. art. has: 1 table and 3 equations.

ASSOCIATION: Institut khimii silikatov im. I. V. Grebenshchikova Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of Silicate Chemistry Academy of Sciences SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 04May64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: OC, GC

NR REF SOV: 002

OTHER: 000

Card 2/2

CHCHUKOVIKAY, Isla, PKI MORIK, Pal.

Order of addition of intelkylationes to propertyl alcohol. Thursobs, kmin. 35 nt.6:1122 Ja '69.

1. Instabat wysokomolekulyarcykh soyedineniy AN SSSR.

<u>1. 39437-65</u> EPF(c)/EPR/EWP(j)/	/EWT(m) Pc-4/Pr-4/Ps-4		
ACCESSION NR: AP5005894		s/0020/65/160/003/0621/0624	
AUTHORS: Shchukovskaya, L. L.: member AN SSSR) (Deceased)	Pal'chik, R. I.; Pet	rov, A. D./(Corresponding 34	
TITLE: The order of adding tri	alkysilanes to unsatura	ted alcohols B	
SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady, v. 1	.60, no. 3, 1965, 621-62		3
TOPIC TAGS: silane, alcohol, I	R spectrum		
ABSTRACT: The authors have dem dimethylethynyl carbonyl and me	thyltrifluoromethylethy	ilanes may be added to myl carbonyl in two direc-	
tions according to the following	ng scheme:		
сн•снонс≡сн + 1	HSiR _a H.PtGl. CH _a		
en e	→СН,СНОНСН=		
The IR spectra are given for the these two directions. In each valence oscillations of CH in the contract of t	pair, both isomers are the groups G=GH2 or GH=G	identified by bands of CH. In the latter case the	
band of CH=CH at about 3000 cm ⁻	-1 proves to be on the s	clope of the bands of the	
			- Falable Par

L 39437-65

ACCESSION NR: AP5005894

groups CH₃ and C₂H₅. The frequency of the bands of associated hydroxides (higher in the tertiary alcohols than in the secondary) is shifted toward the long waves in isomers containing the OH in the J-position toward silicon. This shift is greater than in isomers with OH in the B-position. The position of C=C-oscillation in spectra of the isomers changes from 1620-1630 cm⁻¹ for the groups CH-CH to 1600 cm⁻¹ in the groups C=CH₂. The structure of the adducts obtained was verified by reverse synthesis. The various syntheses and products are described briefly, with summaries of their IR spectra, properties, and dimensions. Orig. art. has: 2 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Institut khimii silikatov im. I. V. Grebenshchikova Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of the Chemistry of Silicates Academy of Sciences SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 21May64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: OC

NO REF SOV: 004

OTHER: OOL

Card 2/2,15

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	ACCESSION NR: AP5024004 (1875)	
	ACCESSION NR: AP5024004 OR, 0020, 03, 101, 04, 05 AUTHOR: Shchukovskaya, L. L.; Pal'chik, R. I.; Lazarev, A. N. N, 14, 5	
	AUTHOR: Shchukovskaya, L. L.; Pal'chik, R. I.; Lazarevilla	
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	AUTHOR: Shchukovskaya, L. L.; Parcink, R. L.,	
;	TITLE. Bylance I	
	SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady, v. 164, no. 2, 1965, 357-360	
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	TOPIC TAGS: organosilicon compound, chemical bonding, conjugate bond system	
	A DOWN A CT. Trimethylsilylalkoxyacetylenes decompose at 120 - 1300 to June 18 spectra	
	ABSTRACT: If the corresponding and trimethylsilylketene (CH ₃) ₃ SiCH=C=O. The third the corresponding	
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	ABSTRACT: Trimethylsilylalkoxyacetylenes decompose at 120 - 130C to yield the corresponding olefin and trimethylsilylketene (CH ₃) ₃ SiCH=C=O. The NMR and IR spectra of the product indicate that the ketene formed partially isomerizes into the corresponding acetylene, probably via an intermediate complex with a pentacovalent silicon, e. g.,	e e
	acetylene, probably via all information	
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	i.e., the following tautomeric equilibrium exists:		
	$R_{s}SiHC=C=0 \Rightarrow HC\equiv C-OSiR_{s}.$ (I) (II)		TO COMPANY OF THE PROPERTY OF
	IR spectra of the equilibrium mixture $(CH_3)_3SiCH=C=O \longrightarrow (CH_3)SiO-C=CH$ were recorded, and the conjugation of the Si-O and $C=C$ bonds was deduced (see Fig. 1 of the Enclosure). In the additions reactions studied, the compound reacted in the ketone for as follows:)rm	
	$(CH_3)_3SiCH = C = O \xrightarrow{\text{ROH}} (CH_3)_3SiCH_2COOR$ $\xrightarrow{\text{Br}_3} (CH_3)_3SiCH_2COOSiR_3$ $\xrightarrow{\text{PhNH}_3} (CH_3)_3SiCH_2CONHPh$		
	Card 2/4		

L 4288-66

ACCESSION NR: AP5024004

"The authors thank A. S. Khachaturov for taking the NMR spectra." Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: Institut khimii silikatov im. I. V. Grebeshchikova Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of Silicate Chemistry, Academy of Sciences, SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 16Feb65

ENCL: 01

SUB CODE: OC, &C

NO REF SOV: 005

Card 3/4

OTHER: 004

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Figure 1. Conjugation of Si-O	and C≡C bonds (sc	hematic represen	tation).		
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Tracer of addition of trialkyladianes to an told. AN ANDE 160 no.3:001-024 Ja 465. 1. Institut shimil sitikatov im. 1.V. Greb Chien-kornest cadent AN ANDE (for Fatrov	(HBRA 18:3) enshchikova AN COBR.	
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CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE USSR / Human and Animal Physiology (Normal and Pathological). T-1 General Problems. : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 13, 1958, No. 59963 : Shchukuryan, K. G.; Tovmasyan, R. Ai; Tarverdyan, A. N. Abs Jour : Republican Clinical Hospital of ArmSSR : Several Data on the Effect of the Irritation of the Author Vestibular Analysor Upon the Secretary Function of the Inst Title : Sb. nauchn. tr. Resp. klinich. bol'nitsy ArmSSR, 1957, Orig Pub 1, 529-531 : After rotation in the Barany chair with a speed of 10 rev/20 sec., a parasympathetic effect appeared in 23 and 38 subjects (increase in the quantity of gastric Abstract secretion and the content of total, free and bound HC1), in 7 persons a sympathetic effect was observed (decrease in secretion and acidity), and in the remaining ones there was no reaction to the rotation. -- T. G. Beteleva Card 1/1

KARPOV, A.A., inzh.; KUSTOBAYEV, G.G., inzh.; LAUSHKIN, N.P., inzh.;
LANGE, Z.I., inzh.; NOSYREVA, M.D., inzh.; SAVEL'YEV, G.V., inzh.;
SHCHULEPHIKOV, I.S., inzh.; Prinimali uchastiye: SYCHKOV, B.A., inzh.;
WILIKHIN, A.Ye., inzh.; ZAYTSEV, R.A., inzh.; ZARZHITSKIY, Yu.A.,
inzh.; LEONT'YEV, A.I., inzh.; VIKTOROVA, T.Ye., inzh.; SERIKOV, A.A.,
inzh.

Operation of recuperator soaking pits in the 1150 MMK rolling
mill. Stal' 22 no.8:753-758 Ag '62. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Magnitogorskiy metallurgicheskiy kombinat.

(Furnaces, Heating) (Rolling mills)

CIA-RDP86-00513R001548920020-0 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

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3/081/51/000/023/015/061 5117/B147

AUTHORS:

Alimarin, I. P., Yakovlev, Yu. V., Shulepnikov, M. N.,

Perecozhin, G. P.

TITLE:

Determination of small amounts of impurities in thallium, Tallium, phosphorus, and antimony by the method of radio-

activation analysis

46.2

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 23, 1961, 128, abstract 23D97 (Sb. "Radioakt. izotopy i yadern. izlucheniya v nar. kh-ve SBCR. v. I". M., Gostoptekhizdat, 1961, 293 - 297)

TEXT: A comparison was made between the radiochemical and spectroscopic viriante of the activation analysis. General schemes of the radiochemical neparation of impurities in the determination of Cu, Zn, As, Au, and P in Allium and of Ln. Cn. En. Ga. As. P. and Cr in antimony, as well as the said (-appetra in the determination of Mn. Zn. Cu. Cs. and Sb in thallium and of as. Wh. and Ga in phosphorus are presented. Abstracter's note: Jumplete translation !

(1997年) 1998年 1

ALIMARIN, I.; ; YAKOVLEV, Yn.V.; SHCHULEPNIKOV, M.N.; VLASOV, D.A.;
CHERNOV, G.M.; SURKOV, Xn.A.

Radioactive determination of impurities in high purity
thallium. Zhur.anal.khim. 16 no.2:213-216 Mr-Ap '61.

1. Vernadsky Institute of Geochemistry and Analytical Chemistry,
Academy of Sciences U.S.S.R., Moscow.

(Thallium—Analysis)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001548920020-0

EWP(t)/EWP(b) IJP(c) JD/JG/WB S/0365/65/001/001/0122/0123 EWT(m)/EWP(i)/EPF(c)/EWA(d)/EWP(t)/EWP(b) L 54980-65 ACCESSION NR: AP5007630 620.197.2 AUTHOR: Tomashov, N. D.; Shchulepnikov, M. N.; Ivanov, Yu. M. TITLE: Radiochemical study of the mechanism of the protective action of palladium in corrosion-resistant titanium-palladium alloys SOURCE: Zashchita metallov, v. 1, no. 1, 1965, 122-123 TOPIC TAGS: titanium alloy, palladium containing alloy, corrosion resistance, neutron bombardment ABSTRACT: An alloy of titanium with 0.1% palladium, prepared from TGO sponge (0.08% Fe, 0.03% Si) was studied to determine whether treatment with HCl enriches the surface of the sample with palladium. Annealed samples, half of which were treated with boiling 5% HCl for 30 min, were exposed for 20 hr. to a flux of slow neutrons (1.3 x 10^{13} cm⁻² sec⁻¹). The Pd¹⁰⁸ isotope was thus converted to the radioisotope Pd109. The samples and the controls (not subjected to the action of HCl) were treated with aqua regia, Pd was precipitated with dimethylglyoxime, and the precipitate was analyzed with a gamma spectrometer, which showed the presence Card 1/2

L 54980-65 ACCESSION NIL: AP5007630 of Pd 109. Thus, it was found that the treatment of the Ti-0.1% Pd alloy with MCL increased the amount of palladium at the surface of the sample by a factor of at least 75 relative to the untreated sample. An approximate calculation based on the assumption that palladium is present as a monolayer showed that about 20% of the surface of the cample becomes covered with palladium when treated with HCl. Orig. art. has: 1 figure. ASSOCIATION: Institut fizicheskoy khimii, Akademiya nauk SSSR (Institute of Physical Chemistry, Academy of Sciences, SSSR); Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-isaledovatel'skiy i proyektnyy institut redkometallicheskoy promyshlennosti (State Scientific Research and Planning Institute of the Rare Metal Industry) SUB CODE: RNCL: SUMMITTED: 15Sep64 OTHER: NO REF SOY:

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TOMASHOV, N.D.; SHCHULEPNIKOV, M.N.; IVANOV, Yu.M.

Investigating the mechanism of the protective action of palladium in corrosion-resistant titanium-palladium alloys by the radio-chemical method. Zashch.met. 1 no.1:122-123 Ja-F 165.

(MIRA 18:5)

1. Institut fizicheskoy khimii AN SSSR i Gosudarstvennyy nauchnoissledovatel'skiy i proyektnyy institut redkometallicheskoy promyshlennosti.

SHOHULETMIKEVA, ME

127-12-19/28

AUTHORS:

Shchulepnikova, A.G. and Kuznetsov, S.N., Engineers

FITLE:

Increase of Durability of Mining Machinery Parts by Hardening them in the Oxygen-Acetylene Flame (Povysheniye iznosostoy-kosti detaley gornogo oborudovaniya zakalkoy kislorodno-

atsetilenovym plamenem)

PERIODICAL:

Gornyy Zhurnal, 1957, No 12, pp 65-66 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The gas-flame surface hardening method has been in use in the Magnitogorsk Mining Machinery Plant since 1951. The introduction of this method made it possible to increase considerably the number of machine parts subjected to hardening. Acetylene is generated by a 10 m²/hour generator of the "TPK 10-48" type. Oxygen is supplied from gas cylinders. The microstructure of the hardened layer is martensite or troostite with martensite; its hardness is 50 to 60 Rc. The annealing of small-size parts can be performed in the annealing furnaces at 180 to 200° C. The hardness after hardening and

annealing is 45 to 55 Rc.

Card 1/2

The article contains 2 figures and 1 table.

ZAMORUYEV, G.M. [deceased], prof., doktor tekhn, nauk; SHULEPNIKOVA, A.G., assistent

Changes in surface layers of steel caused by abrasive wear. Izv. vys.ucheb.zav.; mashinostr. no.7:45-50 '59. (MIRA 13:6)

1. Magnitogorskiy gorno-metallurgicheskiy institut.
(Mechanical wear) (Steel--Metallography)

SHULEPNIKOV, A.G.; YUDIN, I.K.

Resistance of deposited metal to abrasive wear. Izv. vus. ucheb. zav.; chern. met. 4 no.8:120-124 '61. (EIRA 14:9)

1. Magnitogorskiy gorno-metallurpicheskiy institut. (Hard facing) (Mechanical wear)

SHCHULEPNIKOVA, A.G.

Effect of iron ore and sinter on the abrasive wear of deposited metal. Avtom. svar. 15 no.1:20-22 Ja '62. (MIRA 14:12)

1. Magnitogorskiy gornometallurgicheskiy institut imeni G.I. Nosova.

(Hard facing)
(Mechanical wear)

SHCHULEPNIKOVA, A.G., inzh.

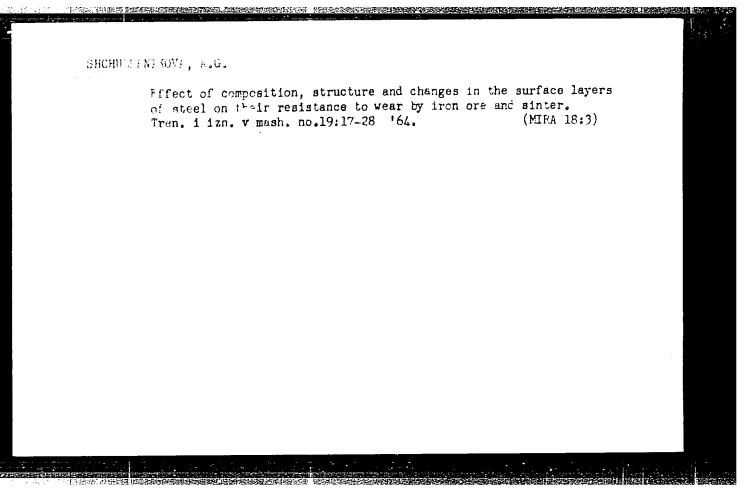
Abrasive wear and the microstructure of steel. Metalloved, i term. obr. met. no.10:5-8 0 162. (MIRA 15:10)

1. Magnitogorskiy gornometallurgicheskiy institut. (Steel-Metallography) (Mechanical wear)

SHCHULEPNIKOVA, A.G.; IVANTSOV, G.I.

Resistance to abrasive wear of alloyed austenite and of a ferritecarbide mixture of equal hardness prepared from it. Metalloved. i term. obr. met. no.7:43-44 Jl '64. (MIRA 17:11)

1. Magnitogorskiy gorno-metallurgicheskiy institut.



SHCHULUA, YE. D.
25858
Antianemich-eskoye Deystviye 6-Metiluratsila. /Eksperim. Issledovaniye /.
Vracheb. Delo, 1946, No 6, STB. 471-74
SO: LETOPIS NO. 30, 1948

PETROV, A.D.; SHCHULKOVSKAYA, L.L.

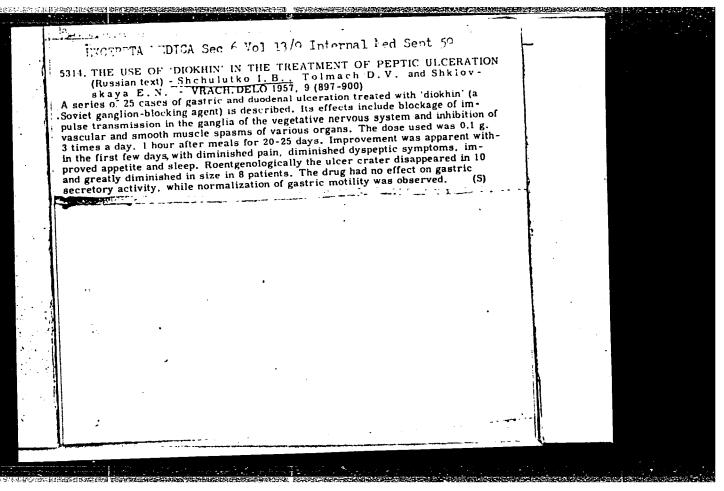
Synthesis and properties of symmetric acetylenic disilanes. Doklady Akad.
(MIRA 5:9)

Nauk S.S.S.R. 86, 551-3 '52.
(CA 47 no.22:12225 '53)

SHCHUL'TS, G. E. and SHCHEGLOVA, V. F.

Shchul'ts, G. E. and Shcheglova, V. F.: "On the matter of the dropping of the ovaries in long-staple cotton", Soobshch. Tadzh., filiala Akad. nauk SSSR, Issue 10, 194°, p. 34-37, - Bibliog: 7 items.

SO: U-3042, 11 March 53, (Letopis 'nykh Statey, No. 10, 1949).



BOGOLYUBSKIY, V.A.; SHCHUMELYAK, G.P.; GRECHKO, L.V.; VILENSKIY, Yu.B.

Investigating the non-diffusing reducing agents for multilayer color films. Usp. nauch. fot. 8:61-66 '62. (MIRA 17:7)

Supply grain-cleaning machines with a set of spare screens. Muk.-elev. prom. 22 no.3:28 Mr 156. (MLRA 9:7)

1.Krasnoyarskaya kontora Zagotserno. (Grain--Cleaning)

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SHCHEMOV, N. -- Aratkosrochnove kreditovaniye promyshlennogo predpriyatiya.

M., gosfinizdat, 19.4. 123 s. 17 sm. (V pomoshch' khozyaystvennomu aktivu predpriyatiy). 15.000 ekz. 2r. 30k. -- (55-332)p

332.742.1

SU: Knizhneya Letopsis', Vol. 1, 1955
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SHCHOWAYEV, M. V.

Formerarbeiten. Von M. M. Barbashchin Und M. V. Shchunayev. Leipzig, Fachbuchverlag, 1952.
118 p. Illus., Piagrs., Tables.

Translation from the Russian, "Formouochnyye Raboty," Moscow, 1948.

11/5
741.42
.B2

YEPIFANOVA, A.P.; NESMEYENOV, A.N., akademik, glavnyy red.; TOPCHIYEV, A.V., akad., zamestitel' glavnogo red.; ISAKOVA, O.V., otvetstvennyy red.; LIKHTENSHTEYN, Ye.S., otvetstvennyy red.; SHCHUNKOV., V.I., otvetstvennyy red.; POLESITSKAYA, S.M., tekhn.red.

Vasilii Vasil'evich Zvonkov. Vstup.stat'ia V.P.Mironova. Bibliografiia aost. A.P.Bpifanovoi. Moskva, 1957. 40 p. (Materialy k biobibliografii uchenykh SSSR. Seriia tekhnicheskikh nauk. Transport, no.4) (MIRA 10:12)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR.

(Zvonkov, Vasilii Vasil'evich, 1891-)

ARTEM VEV. Yu.N., kahdidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; ALEKSEYEV, I.A., inzhener; ASTVATSATUROV, G.G., inzhener; BISNOVATYY, S.I., inzhener; BONDAREN-KO, A.F., inzhener; GURAL'NIK, Ye.L., inzhener; GORBUNOV, M.F., inzhener; ZLATKOVSKIY, A.P., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; KATTS, N.V., inzhener, KITAYEV, A.S., inzhener; KOZLOV, A.M., inzhener; LEONOV, P.T., zhener; KITAYEV, A.S., inzhener; KOZLOV, A.M., inzhener; LEONOV, P.T., inzhener; LINNIK, Ye.M., inzhener; LUKANOV, M.A., inzhener; MOROZOV, inzhener; LINNIK, Ye.M., inzhener; LUKANOV, M.A., inzhener; MOROZOV, S.A., inzhener; POGORELYY, I.P., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; PYATETSKIY, B.G., inzhener; RABO-S.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; FYATETSKIY, B.G., inzhener; RABO-CHIY, L.G., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; SELIVANOV, A.I., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; FERBERG, B.S., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; CHISTYAKOV, V.D., inzhener; CHUNIKHIN, V.M., inzhener; SHIRYAYEV, A.I., inzhener; SHCHUPAK, A.D., inzhener; KUCHUMOV, P.S., inzhener, redaktor; PETROV, S.I., PESTRYAKOV, A.I., redaktor; BALLOD, A.I., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Handbook of equipment for repairing tractors and agricultural machine-ry] Spravochnik po oborudovaniiu dlia remonta traktorov i sel'skokho-ziaistvennykh mashin. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo selkhoz. lit-ry, 1954. 646 p. (MIRA 7:11)

(Tractors -- Repairing) (Agricultural machinery -- Maintenance and repair)

POLYAK, A.Ya., inzh.; SHCHUPAK, A.D., inzh.

Increasing performance speeds of wheeled tractors. Mekh. i elek. sots.sel'khoz. no.4:4-11 '57. (MIRA 12:4)

POLYAK, A.Ya., inzh.; SOLOVEYCHIK, A.G., inzh.; SHCHUPAK, A.D.

First results. Mekh. i elek. sots sel'khoz. 16 no.3:18-20 '58.

(MIRA 11:6)

1.Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut mekhnaizatsii sel'skogo khozyaystva.

(Tractors)

BOLTINSKIY, V.N., akademik; GENIKHOVICH, M.I.; KOGAN, Ye.A.; NIKIFOROV, P.Ye. PLISHKIN, A.A.; POLYAK, A.Ya.; SOLOVEYCHIK, A.G.; FILIPPOV, A.I.; SHCHUPAK, A.D.; YAKOBI, M.A.

Performance of machine-tractor units at increased speeds. Mekh. i elek.sots.sel'khoz. 17 no.3:1-19 '59. (MIRA 12:8)

POLYAK, A.Ya., inzh.; SHCHUPAK, A.D.

Study of the dynamic indices of a wheel-type tractor of the 1,4 ton class operating at increased speeds in excess of 9 km./ hour. Mekh.i elek.sots.sel'khoz. 20 no.4:18-21 '62.

(MTRA 15:8)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut mekhanizatsii sel'skogo khozyaystva.

(Tractors)

FOLYAK, Aleksandr Yakovlevich; SHCUPAK, Ayzik Davydovich;
KOSOHOTOV, B.V., red.; SOKOLOVA, N.N., tekhn. red.;
OKOLELOVA, Z.P., tekhn. red.

[Operation of tractor-drawn machinery units at increased speeds] Ekspluatatsiia mashinno-traktornykh agregatov na speeds] Ekspluatatsiia mashinno-traktornykh agregatov na povyshennykh skorostiakh. Moskva, Sel'khozizdat, 1963.

(NIRA 17:4)

286 p.

SHEHUPAK, B.N.

Diurnal fluctuations of body temperature in man during the polar day. Fiziol.zhur. [Ukr.]_l no.2:47-54 Mr-Ap '55. (MIRA 9:9)

1. Kiivs'kiy medichniy institut imeni akademika O.O.Bogomol'tsya, Kafedra normal'noi fiziologii.
(BODY TEMPERATURE) (CONDITIONED RESPONSE)

USSR/Medicine - History

FD-2190

Card 1/1

Pub 102-10/15

Author

Shchupak, B. N. (Kamchatskaya Oblast)

Title

Medical aid in the days of heroic defense of Petropavlovsk (Kamchatka)

(Centennial)

Periodical:

Sov, zdrav., 3, 47-52, May-June, 1955

Abstract

Review of the 1850-1855 events, including French-English-American intervention. Underlines medical care and facilities, heroism of medical

personnel during the period.

Institution:

: .

Submitted :

November 18, 1954

NESEL', Ya.V., mayor meditainskoy sluzhby; SHCHUPAK, B.N., starshiy leytenant meditainskoy sluzhby

Our practice in the improvement of the work of medical centers in units. Voen.-med. zhur. no.10:72-74 0 '55.

(MEDICINE, MILITARY)